



SCI-BUS gateways for grid and cloud infrastructures

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e-infrastructure

Motivations



- There are many user communities who would like to access distributed computing infrastructures (DCIs - grids, clouds etc.) in a transparent way
- They do not want to learn the peculiar features of the used DCIs
- They want to concentrate on their scientific application and run it in the DCI in a transparent way
- Therefore they need a **science gateway**

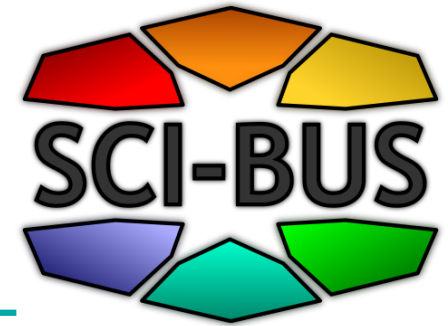
How to build a science gateway?



Option 1: Build from scratch

- If the gateway is not extremely simple, it requires long time to develop a robust gateway
- Requires substantial manpower and development cost
- It is very specialized and as users start to use it and come up with new requirements it may be difficult to extend in a scalable way
- It typically represents an isolated development without belonging to an open source community

How to build a science gateway?



Option 2: Adapt and customize an existing gateway framework

- Significantly reduces development time
- Requires limited manpower and development cost
- Produces a robust and usable service
- The open source community is driving force for further development and extensions

SCI-BUS provides the required core gateway and customization technology

Who are the members of an e-science community regarding Option 2?



Science Gateway (SG) Framework Developers (5-10)

- Develop **generic** SG framework
- SCI-BUS project



SG Instance Developers (50-100)

- Develop **application domain specific** SG instance
- SCI-BUS project



WF Application Developers (500-1.000)

- Develop WF applications
- Publish the completed WF applications for end-users
- SHIWA project



End-users (e-scientists) (50.000-1.000.000)

- Execute the published WF applications with custom input parameters by creating application instances using the published WF applications as templates

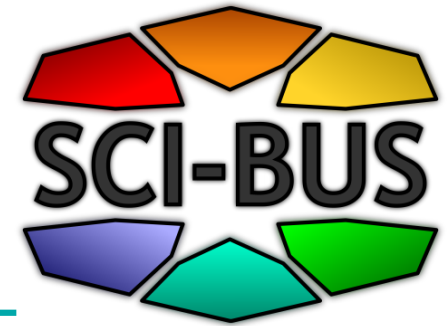


Criteria of selecting an existing gateway framework



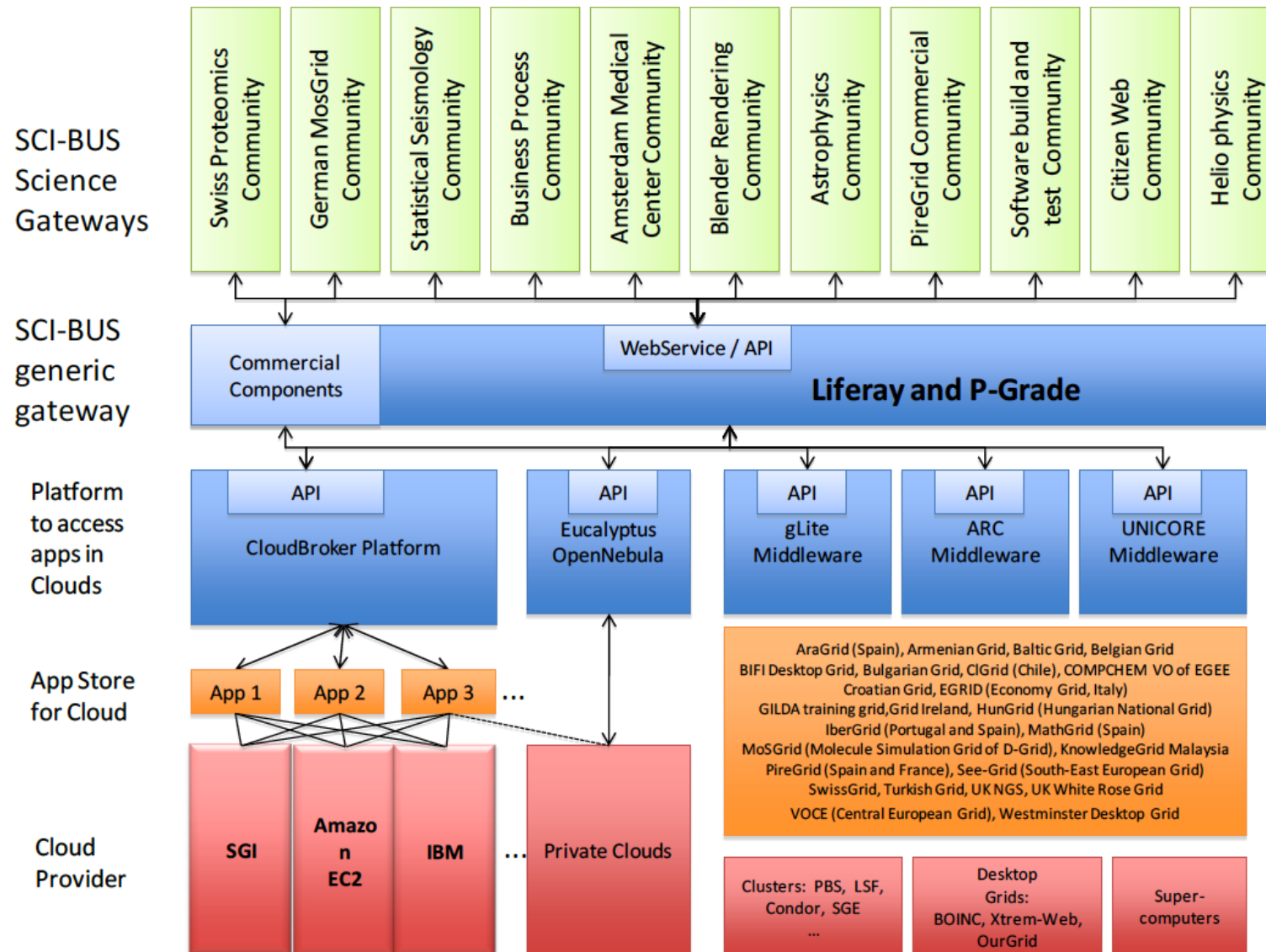
1. Robustness
2. Sustainability
 - Will it exist in 3 years time?
 - How big and trustable the community who develops it?
3. Functionalities
4. How easy to adapt for the needs of the new user community?
5. Scalability
6. Extendibility

SCI-BUS EU FP7 project



- SCI-BUS (SCIENCE gateway Based User Support) provides gateways for both types of user communities
- 3-year project: 1 Oct 2011 – 30 Sep 2014
- Objectives of SCI-BUS
 - Support both WF developers and end-user scientists
 - Create a **generic-purpose science gateway framework**
 - Elaborate a **science gateway instance development technology**
 - Establish **production SG instance services** both for national grids (horizontal user communities) and various science communities (vertical user communities)
 - Develop **business models** to guarantee sustainability and commercial exploitation

SCI-BUS Architecture



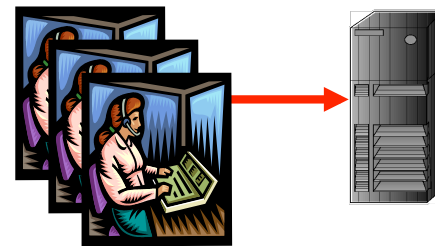


Support for workflow developers

(in collaboration with SHIWA and ER-flow)

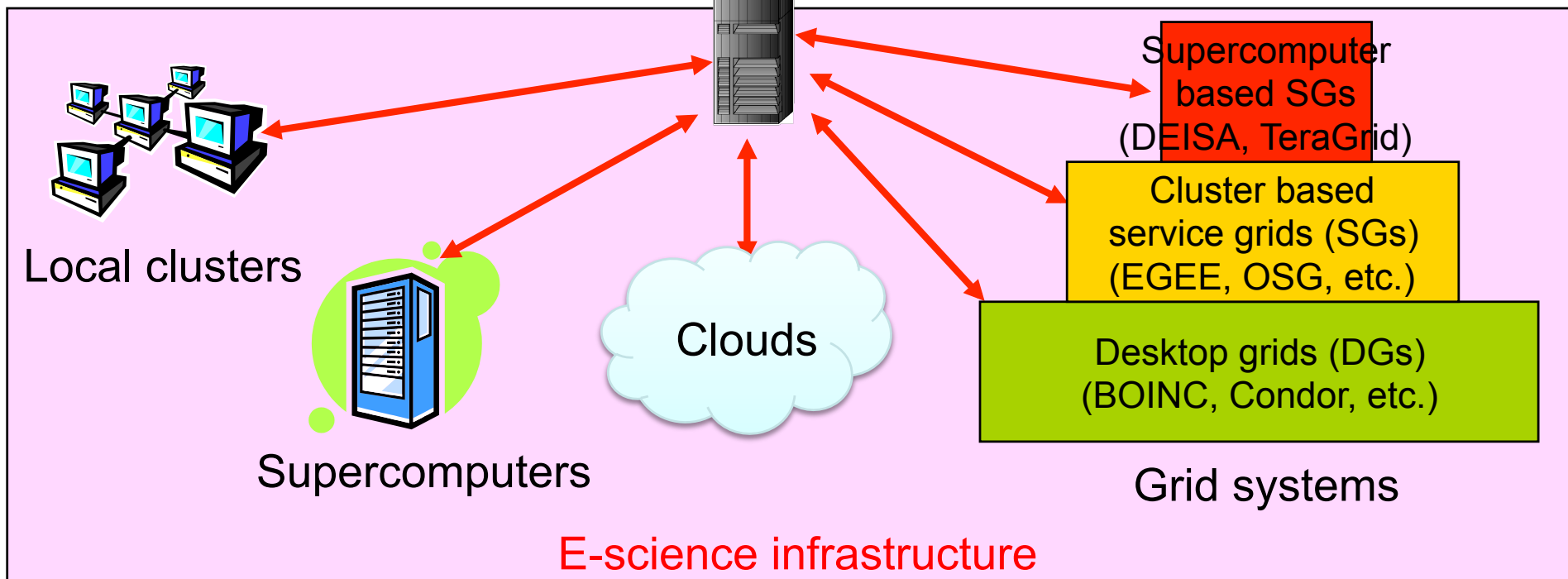
- The SG framework provides graphical WF editor, WF manager
- The SG framework provides access to a large set of DCIs to make these WF applications run

SHIWA Repository



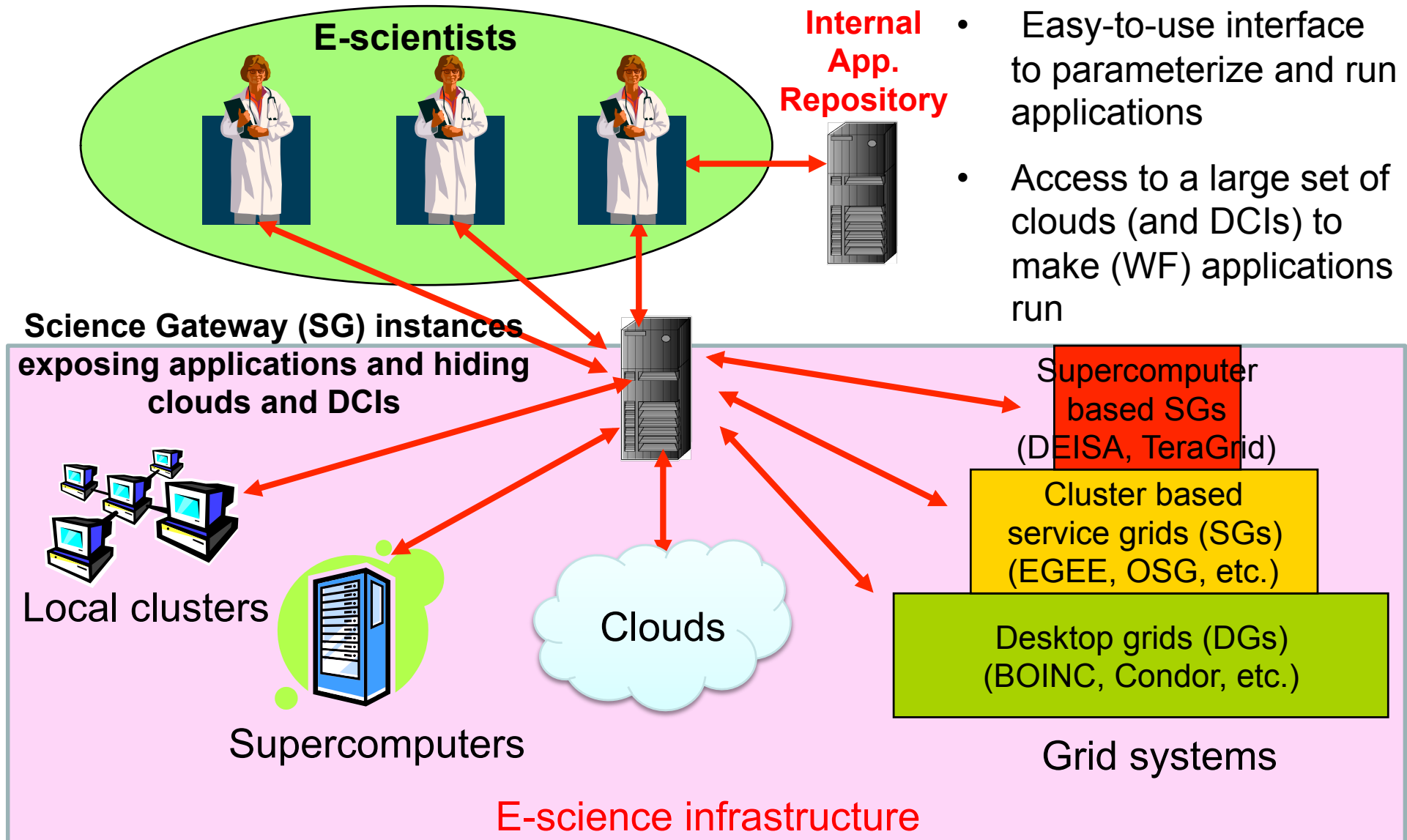
Sharing WF applications via the repository

SG framework

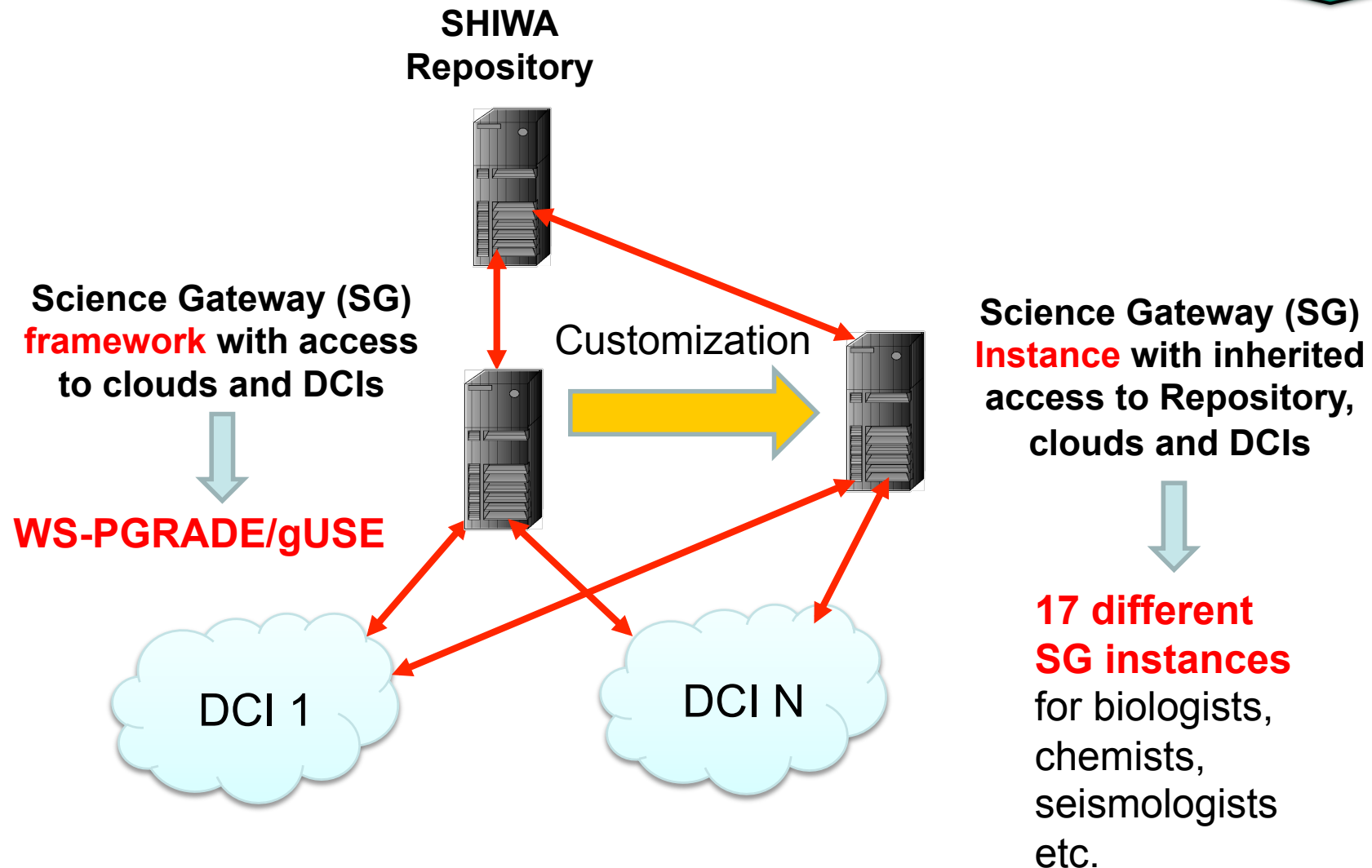
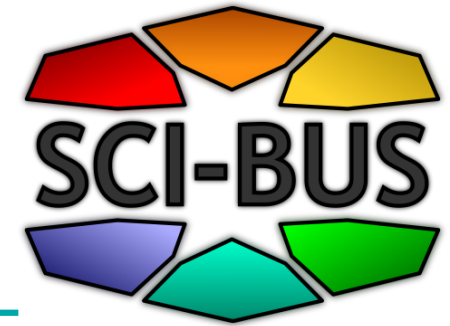


E-science infrastructure

Support for end-user e-scientists

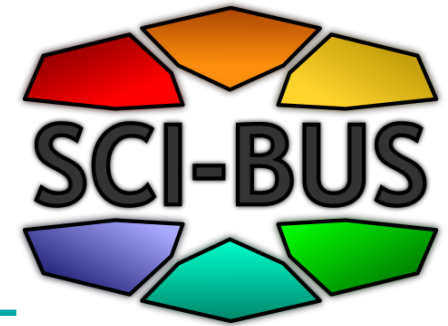


Support for science gateway instance developers



WS-PGRADE/gUSE

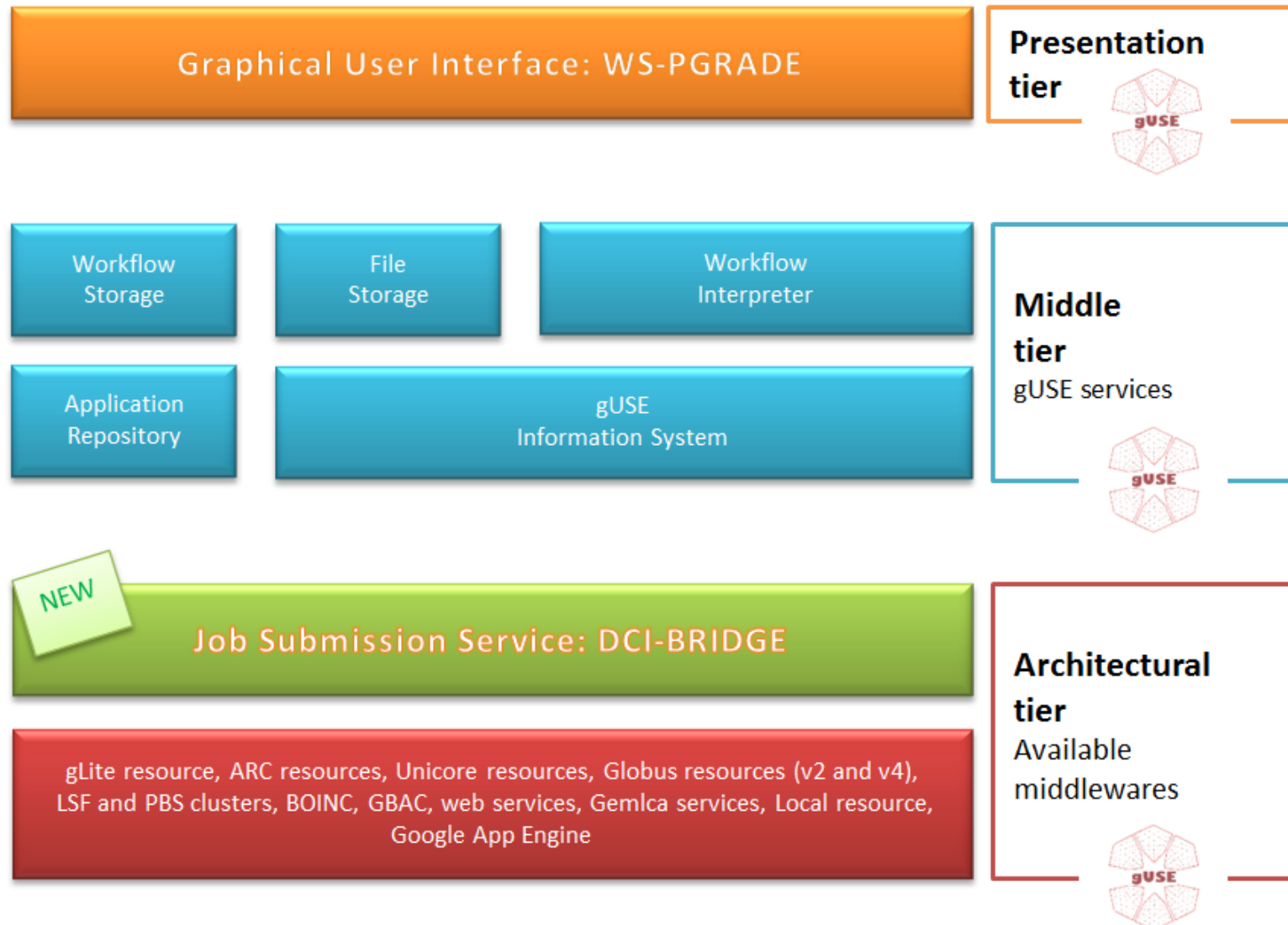
Generic-purpose gateway framework



- Based on Liferay
- General purpose
- Workflow-oriented portal framework
- Supports the development and execution of workflow-based applications
- Enables the multi-cloud and multi-DCI execution of any WF
- Supports the fast development of SG instances by a customization technology
- Provides access to
 - internal repository
 - external SHIWA Repository

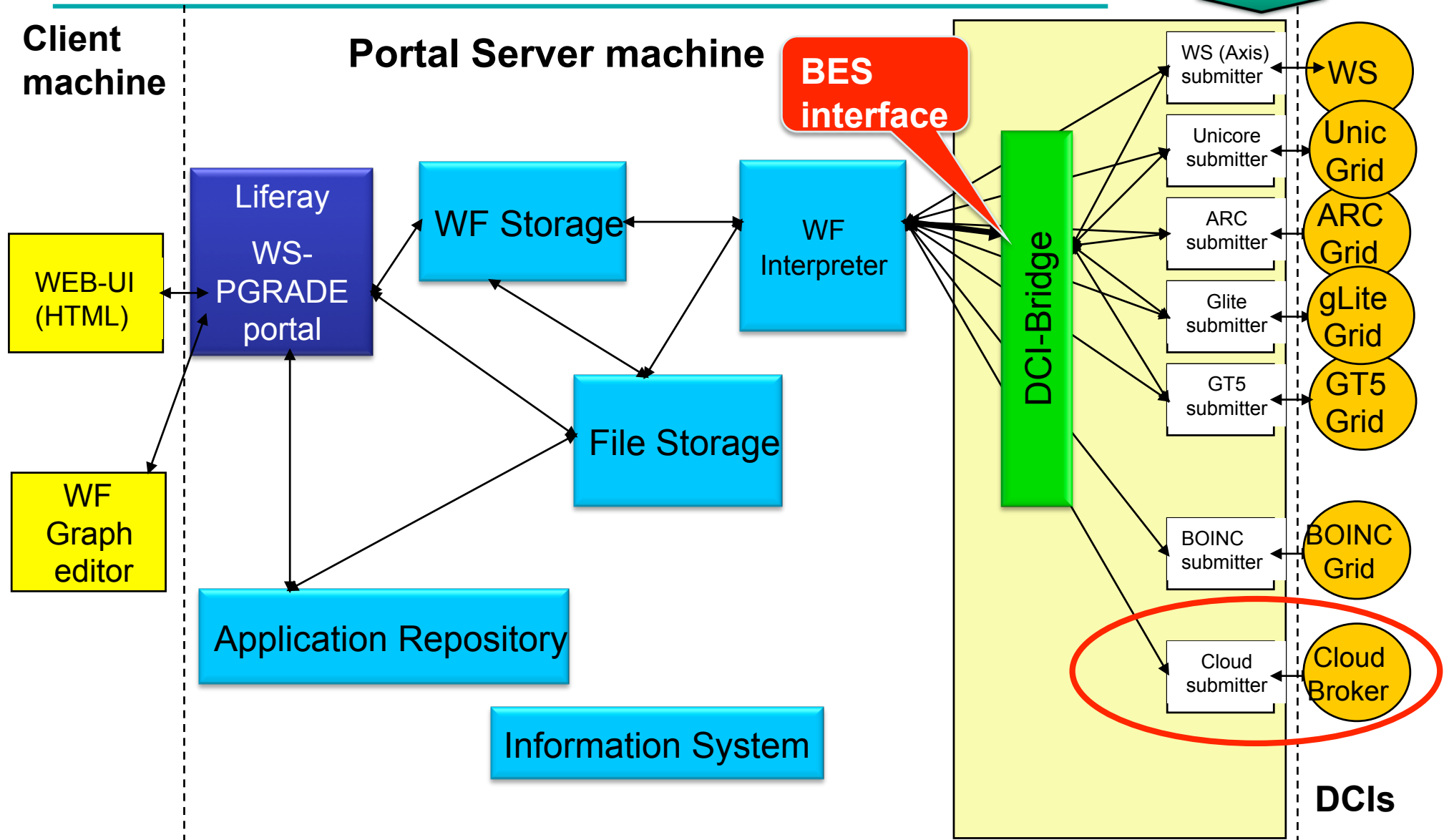
gUSE – grid User Support Environment

Scalable architecture based on collaborating services

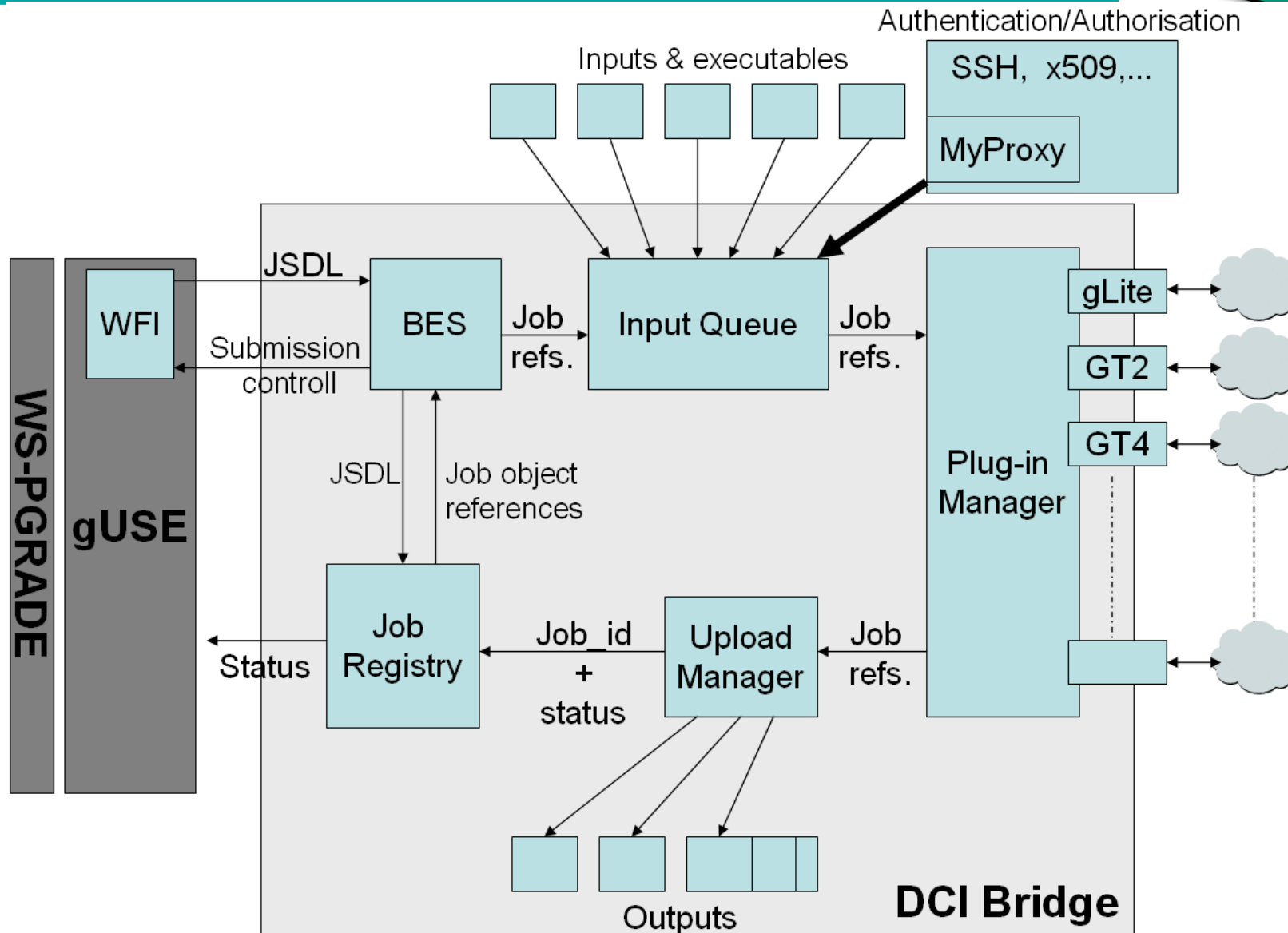


gUSE – grid User Support Environment

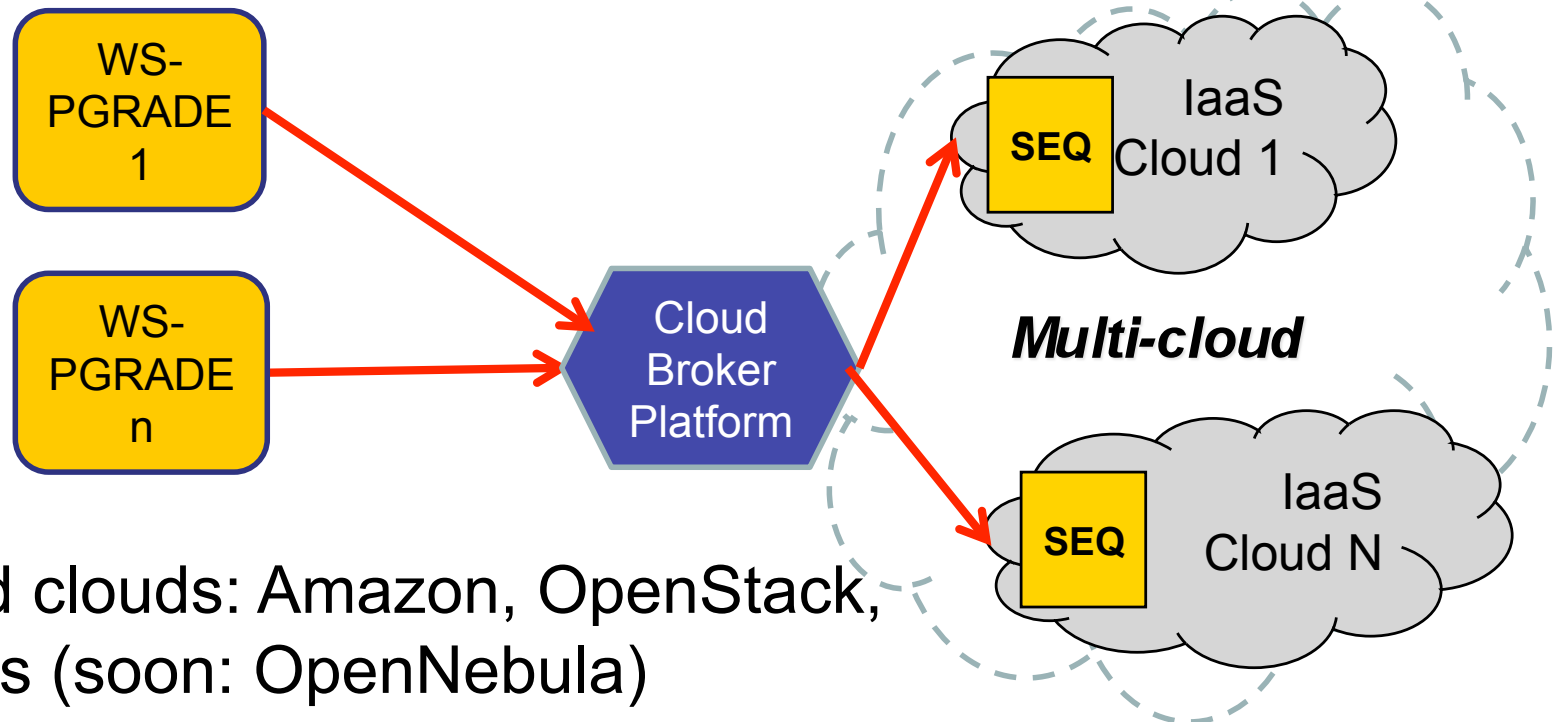
Seamless access to various DCIs



DCI Bridge



Integrated WS-PGRADE/CloudBroker Platform to access multi-clouds

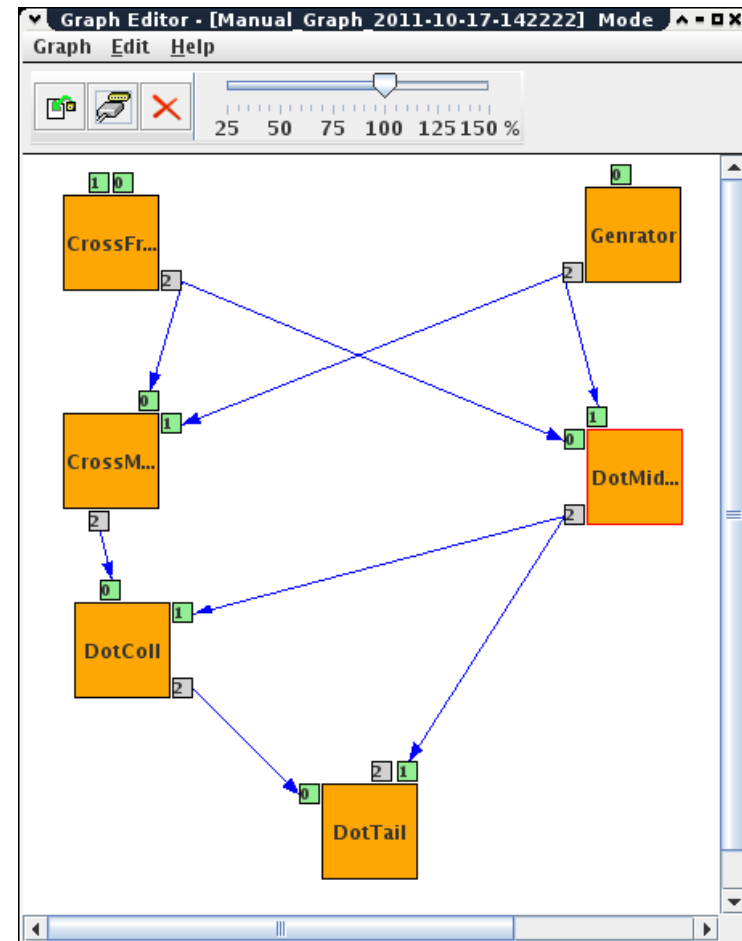


- Supported clouds: Amazon, OpenStack, Eucalyptus (soon: OpenNebula)
- **SaaS solution:**
 - Preregistered services/jobs can run from WS-PGRADE Supported from gUSE 3.5.0
- **IaaS solution:**
 - any services/jobs (e.g. BoT jobs) can run from WS-PGRADE Supported from gUSE 3.5.1

Creating workflow graphs



- Create WF structure
- Add new jobs
- Add ports to jobs
- Define connections between jobs



Workflow configuration



Welcome **Workflow** Storage Settings Help Information Security Statistics

ws-pgrade > Workflow > Concrete

Concrete

Delete old instances

Job's name: Call
Optional note: Description of Job

[Job Executable] [Job I/O] [JDL/RSL] [History]

Workflow Binary

Type: local

Grid: dci-bridge host(64bit)

Replicate settings in all Jobs:

Kind of binary: Sequential Java MPI

MPI Node Number:

Executable code of binary: Recently stored: C:/fakepath/intArithmetic_64bit.bin
 Tallózás...

Parameter: M



Running and monitoring workflow instances



Workflow name: ManualExample_gLiteSeegrid_2011-10-17-142222
Note: 2011-10-17
Workflow Graph: Manual_Graph_2011-10-17-142222
Workflow Template: --

2011-10-17 15:13 running Details **Suspend**

2011-10-17 14:22 finished Details **Delete**

Selected WF Instance:
2011-10-17 15:13

Job	Status	Instances	[Actions]
	finished	6	View finished
CrossFront	waiting	23	View waiting Hide
	Ready	1	View Ready

Sorting method: Method 1 Range: 20 From: 0- Refresh

PID	Resource	Status	View info
1	grid-lab-ce.ii.edu.mk:2119/jobmanager-pbs-seegrid	finished	Logbook std. Output std. Error Download file output
13	grid-lab-ce.ii.edu.mk:2119/jobmanager-pbs-seegrid	finished	Logbook std. Output std. Error Download file output
14	cox01.grid.metu.edu.tr:8443/cream-pbs-seegrid	finished	Logbook std. Output std. Error Download file output
15	grid-ce.feit.ukim.edu.mk:8443/cream-pbs-seegrid	finished	Logbook std. Output std. Error Download file output

```
- The exit code of the exe: 0
- Wrapper script finished succesfully
- Ran on host (hostname) : grid-lab5-wn19.ii.edu.mk
- Directory list (ls -la) : - - - - -
total 52
drwx----- 2 seegrid020 seegrid 4096 Oct 17 2011 .
drwx----- 3 seegrid020 seegrid 4096 Oct 17 2011 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 seegrid020 seegrid 1718 Oct 17 2011 .BrokerInfo
-rwxr-xr-x 1 seegrid020 seegrid 8394 Oct 17 16:14 execute.bin
```

Generator waiting 1 [View waiting](#) [View all content\(s\)](#)

Certificate management



Manage X.509 certificates:

- Upload to MyProxy server
- Get new proxy from a MyProxy server
- Manage proxies on MyProxy servers

A screenshot of the MyProxy web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Welcome, Workflow, Storage, Security (which is highlighted), Settings, Help, Information, and Registration. Below this, a breadcrumb trail shows 'ws-pgrade' > 'Security' > 'Certificate'. The main content area is titled 'Certificate' and contains a table with the following data:

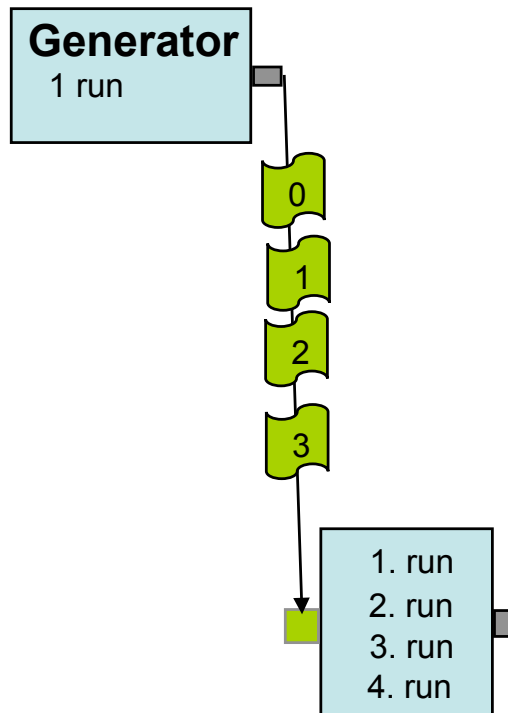
Issuer	Set for Grids	Time left	Actions
C=HU,O=NIIF CA,OU=GRID,OU=MTA SZTAKI,CN=Farkas Zoltan,CN=proxy	seegrid	98:49:41	Details Associate to VO Delete

Below the table, there are three buttons with descriptions:

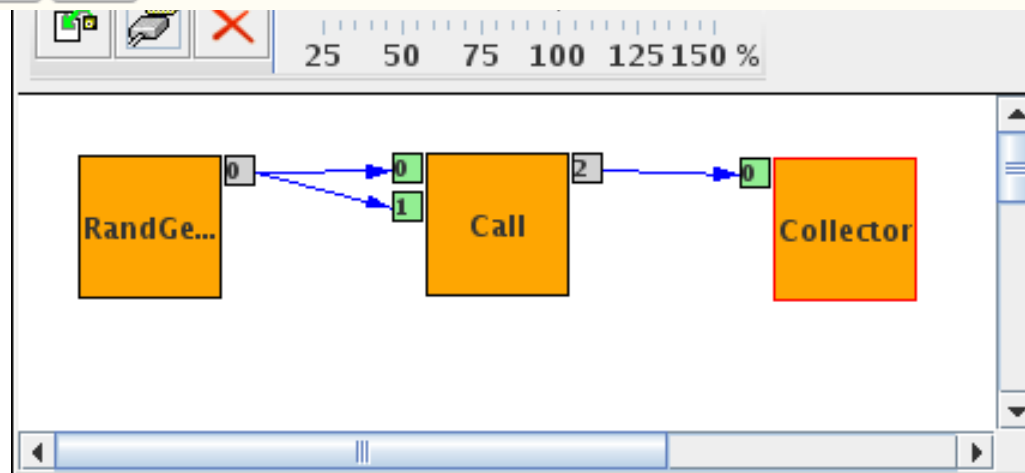
- Download** (Download certificate from MyProxy server.)
- Upload** (Upload authentication data to MyProxy server.)
- Credential Management** (Display information, change MyProxy passphrase, remove a credential from MyProxy server.)

At the bottom, there is a 'Message:' label.

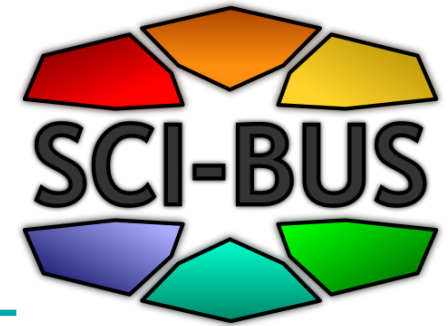
Advanced features – Parameter sweep workflows

A screenshot of a software configuration window titled "Inputs". The window is divided into several sections:

- 0: INPUT1**: Description of Port
- Input Port's Internal File Name:** INPUT1
- Port dependent condition allowing the run of the job:** Radio buttons for View and Hide, with Hide selected.
- Recently defined External File Name:** paramInputs.zip
- New Input File:** Radio buttons for Upload, Remote, Value, and SQL, with Upload selected.
- Parametric Input details:** Radio buttons for View and Hide, with View selected.
- Dot and Cross PID:** A dropdown menu set to 0.
- Input numbers:** A text input field containing the number 10.




At the bottom of the window are "Save" and "Quit" buttons.


Advanced features – Embedded workflows




- A job can be a workflow!
- Rule: a concrete workflow created from a template may be embedded

Job execution model:

 Interpretation of the job as a Workflow  Interpretation of the job as a Service  Interpretation of the job as

for embedding select a workflow created from a Template: 

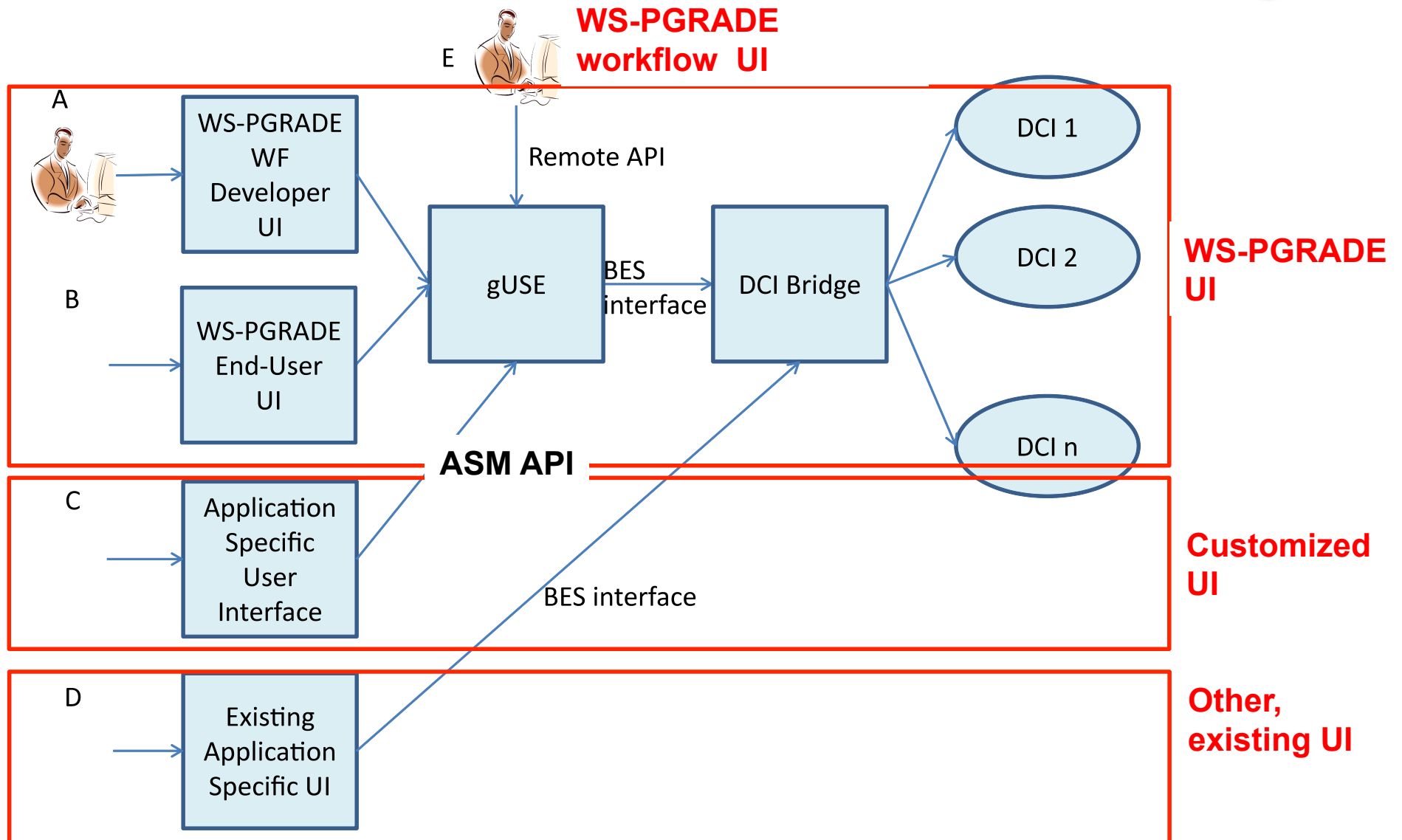
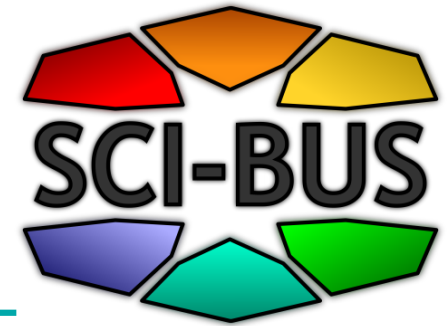
Replicate settings in all Jobs: 

- Port assignments have to be set:

Inputs

	Description of Port
0: PORT0	
Input Port's Internal File Name:	<input type="text" value="PORT0"/>   
Connect input port to a Job/Input port of the embedded WF:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No 
Job/Input port	<input type="text" value="Job0/PORT0"/> 

User access modes



Types of gateways to be developed from the core WS-PGRADE/gUSE framework



1. Generic purpose gateways for grids/clouds
 - Core WS-PGRADE/gUSE
2. Generic purpose gateway for specific technologies
 - SHIWA gateway for workflow sharing and interoperation
3. Application-oriented science gateway instance
 - Autodock gateway
 - Statistical seismology gateway

SHIWA solution for LINGA



Multi-Workflow

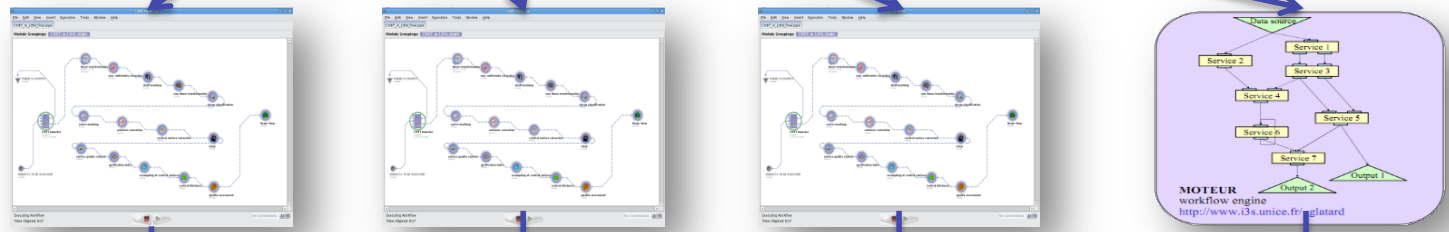
CIVET-... CIVET-... FreeSu...

Concrete - SHIWA Simulation Platform

SHIWA Simulation Platform

Workflow name: LINGA-Statistic
 Date: 2012-3-23
 Workflow Graph: LINGA-Challenge-MetaWF

Job	Status	Instances	Actions
CIVET-CBRAN	running	1	View running View all content(s)
QC-Statistic	init	1	View init View all content(s)
FreeSurfer-CRANILUM	running	1	View running View all content(s)
CIVET-neuGRID	running	1	View running View all content(s)
Synchronization	init	1	View init View all content(s)



LONI Laboratory of Neuro Imaging, UCLA

neuGRID

egi



Support for end-user scientists

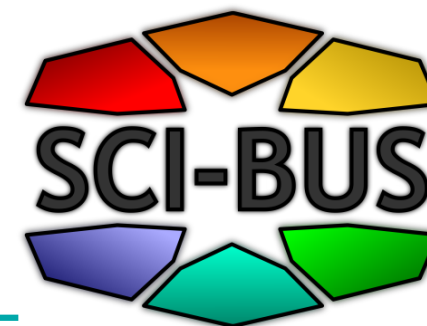


SCI-BUS provides technology to easily and rapidly create [application-oriented science gateway](#) instances

Two methods:

- End-user mode: Autodock gateway
- Customization via ASM: Statistical Seismology gateway

Example: Autodock gateway



- Free public access to pre-deployed molecular docking scenarios for bio-scientist end-users
- Workflows executed on public desktop grids
- 70+ registered users, over 1 millions jobs

https://autodock-portal.sztaki.hu/

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

gUSE GRID USER SUPPORT ENVIRONMENT

MTA SZTAKI
LABORATORY OF PARALLEL
AND DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS

Go to AutoDock Portal

Welcome Help

AutoDock Portal Welcome

Welcome to the AutoDock Portal!

The AutoDock portal (based on WS-FGRADE) enables bio-scientists to run molecular docking simulations on the EDGE@home desktop grid infrastructure. After registering to the AutoDock Portal, users will be able to import, parametrize and run different [AutoDock](#)- and [AutoDock Vina](#)-based applications on EDGE@home.

Applications of the AutoDock Portal

The AutoDock portal hosts the following workflows: AutoDock 4, AutoDock 4 without AutoGrid and AutoDock Vina.

AutoDock 4

This workflow docks a small ligand molecule on a larger receptor molecule structure using version 4.2.3 of the AutoDock docking simulation package. AutoDock consists of two main components:

- AutoGrid: pre-calculates a set of grids describing the target receptor.
- AutoDock: performs the docking of the ligand to these grids.

AutoGrid needs to be run only once, however, the AutoDock simulations may need to be repeated several times. One random docking simulation typically does not produce meaningful results. Therefore, in a typical user scenario the experiment needs to be repeated hundreds or thousands of times and the best scenarios then need to be further investigated. Utilising hundreds or thousands of machines at the same time allows harnessing sufficient computational power to undertake the simulations on a larger scale and in a much shorter timeframe. As the AutoDock simulation runs are completely independent from each other, the public desktop grid infrastructure provides a viable solution.

Users are expected to provide:

- Input files for AutoGrid,
- the number of simulations to be carried out,
- the number of required results.

https://autodock-portal.sztaki.hu/home?p_auth=VdSyk0zc&p_p_auth=eU4diX5p&p_id=49&p_p_lifecycle=1&p_p_state=normal&p_p_mode=view&p_col_count=1&_49_s 67%

Random blind docking:

- 1 receptor and 1 ligand file (pdb or pdbqt)
- docking parameter files
- number of iterations
- number of lowest energy results

Virtual screening:

- 1 receptor file
- a library of ligands
- docking parameter files
- number of work units
- number of lowest energy results

Example: Autodock gateway



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the AutoDock Portal interface. The browser's address bar shows the URL <https://autodock-portal.s...>. The page title is "AutoDock Portal" and the breadcrumb navigation is "End User > Import".

The main content area is titled "End User" and includes a navigation menu with "Welcome", "Storage", "Settings", "End User", "Help", "Information", "Security", and "Statistics". Below this, there is a sub-navigation bar with "ws-pgrade", "End User", and "Configure".

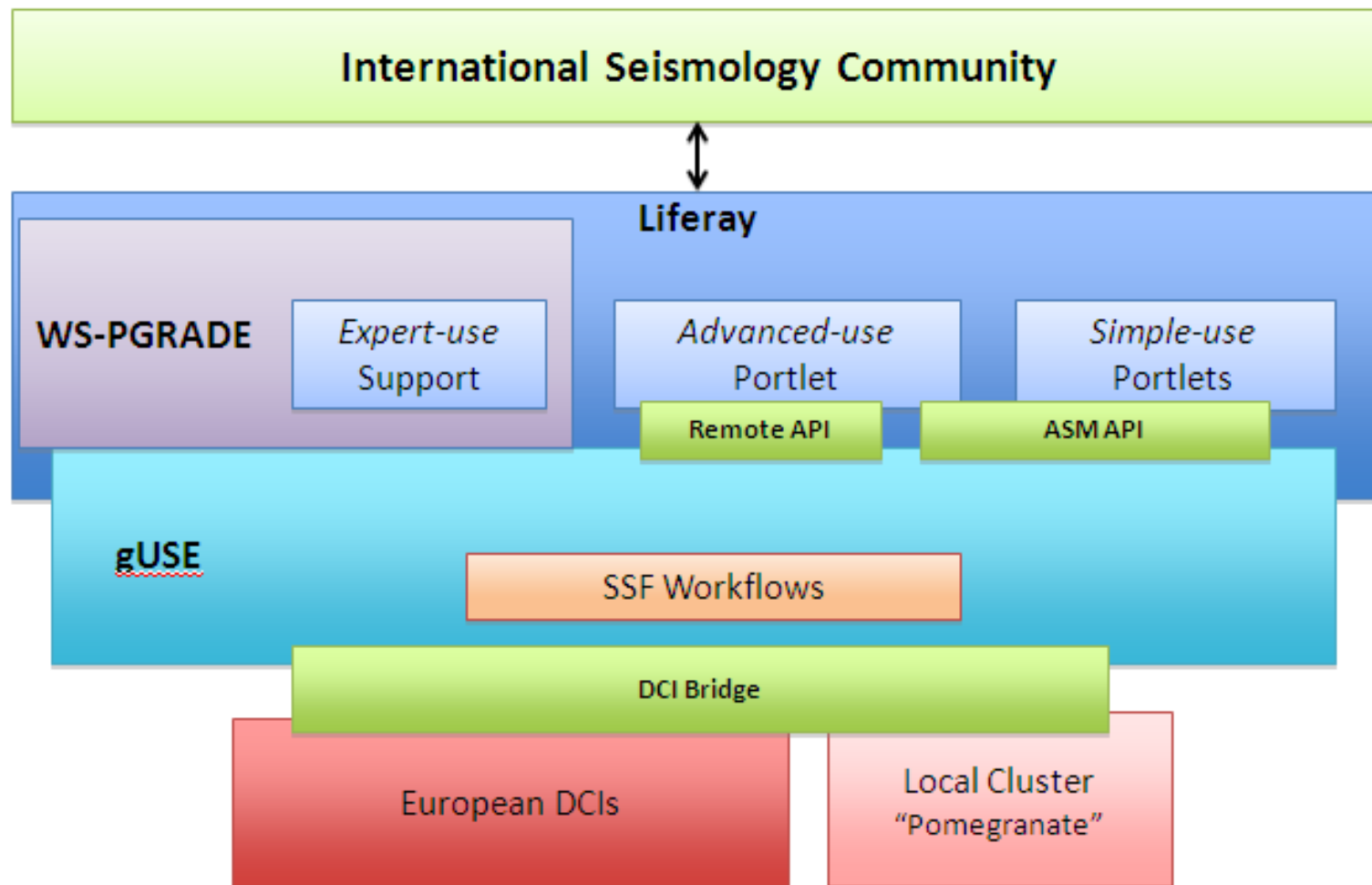
The "End User" section displays workflow information:

- Workflow name: UserDemo_calls_embedded_2012-05-17-163833
- Note: 2012-5-15
- Workflow status: **running**

Status	Instances
init	2
running	15
done	1
error	0
sum:	18

Below the table, there is an "Estimation of accumulated progress: (1 / 18)" with a corresponding progress bar showing approximately 5% completion.

Seismology Gateway Architecture





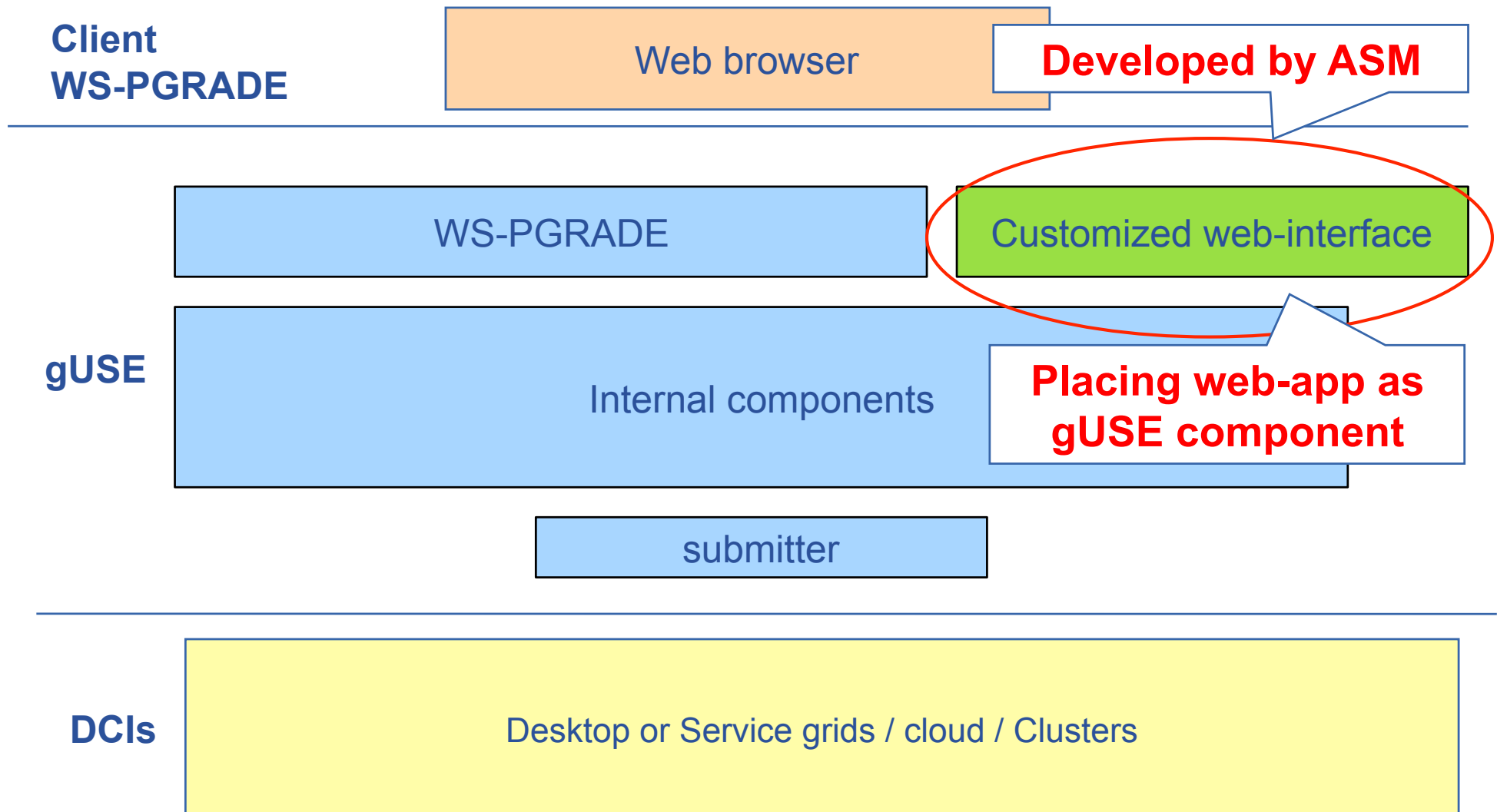
Statistical Seismology demo

<https://www.sci-bus.eu/demos7>

For further details please contact:

Cevat Sener - sener@ceng.metu.edu.tr

Customization by the Application Specific Module

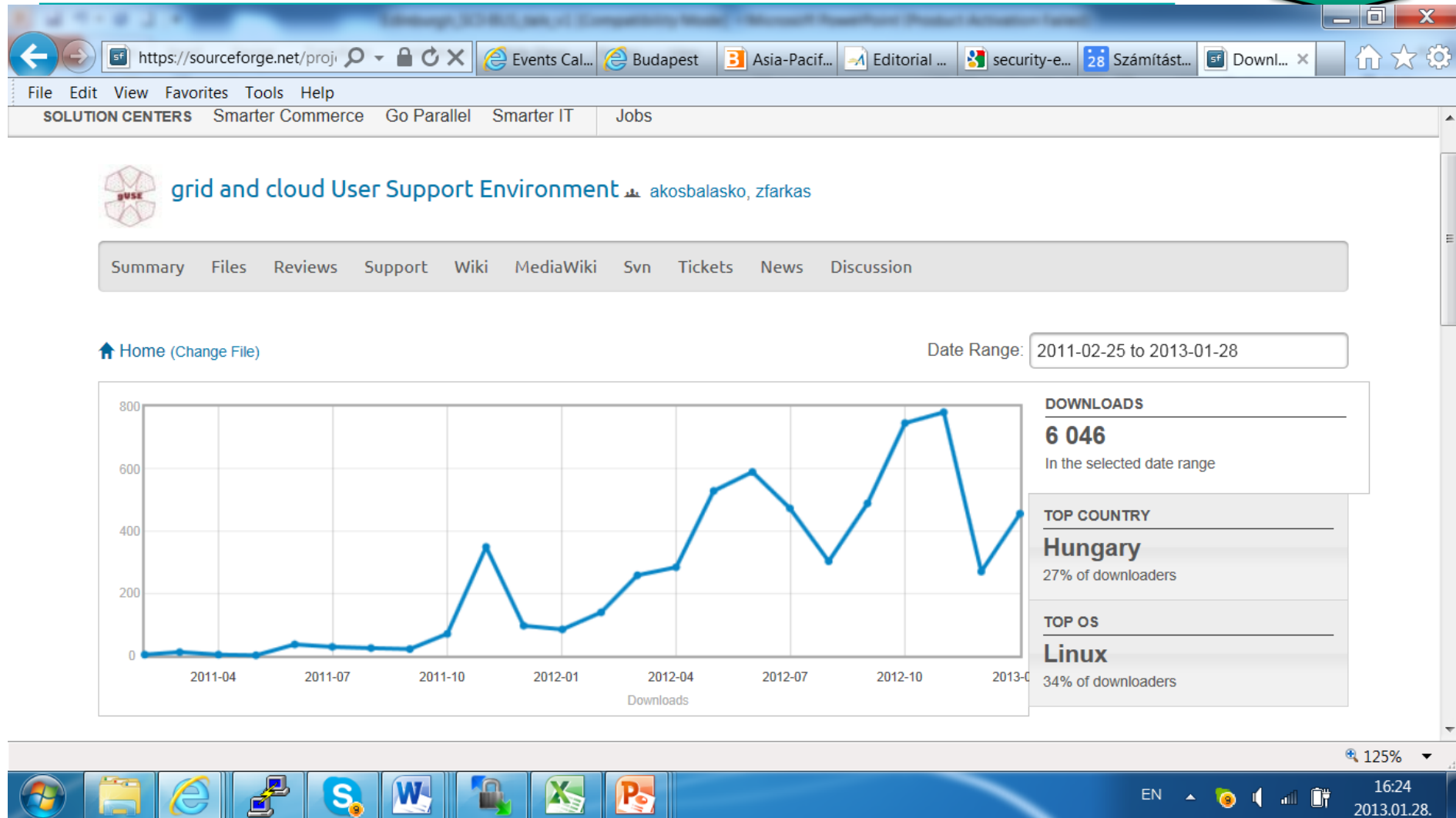


Where to find further information?

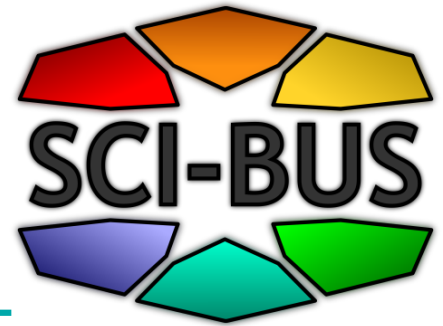


- **SCI-BUS web page:**
 - <http://www.sci-bus.eu/>
- **SHIWA web page:**
 - <http://www.shiwa-workflow.eu/>
- **gUSE/WS-PGRADE:**
 - <http://www.guse.hu/>
- **gUSE on sourceforge**
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/guse/>
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/guse/forums/forum/>
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/guse/develop>

Sourceforge download statistics



Roadmap of further developing WS-PGRADE/gUSE



- Direct WS-PGRADE workflow upload/download to/from SHIWA Repository (by March 2013)
- Robot certificate (by April 2013)
- SCI-BUS portlet repository (by May 2013)
- Data Bridge service (by June 2013)
- Introducing interactive workflow nodes (by July 2013)

Conclusions



- If you want to develop a SG instance, use a SG framework instead of developing it from scratch
- Why to select WS-PGRADE/gUSE and join the SCI-BUS community

1. Robustness

- Already

2. Sustainability

- The
guar

3. Functionality

- Rich functionalities that are growing according to the SCI-BUS and sourceforge community needs

4. How easy to adapt for the needs of the new user community?

- Already large number of gateways customized from gUSE/WS-PGRADE

5. You can influence the progress of WS-PGRADE/gUSE

Join SCI-BUS as
associated member

ation plan