SHEET 2

Comment on the following arguments. Say whether they are valid or invalid, and point out the difficulties you find them to raise.

- 1. If it rains I shall get wet; but if I take my umbrella I shall not get wet.

 Therefore, if I take my umbrella it won't raim.
- 2. All animals are either vertebrate or invertebrate.

 All mammals are vertebrate.

 Raquel is obviously a mammal.

 Therefore she is an animal.
- 3. Nothing is better than Chateau Mouton Rothschild, but even Newcastle Brown is better than nothing.

 Therefore, Newcastle Brown is better than Chateau Mouton Rothschild.
- 4. Every even number (greater than 2) is the sum of two prime numbers.

 82 = 23 + 59.

 23 is prime, and 59 is prime.

 Therefore 82 is even.

Monday and Wednesday tutorial groups: HAND IN answers at your tutorial in week 5. Thursday and Friday groups: you need not hand in answers.

Prove the following:

- 1. P | P & P
- 2. $\vdash (P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow ((Q \rightarrow R) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow R))$
- 3. $\vdash ((P \rightarrow P) \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow Q$
- 4. Q | P → Q
- 5. Construct, either on an "assembly line" or in tree form, the formula $(-P \& Q) \Rightarrow (P \lor --(R \Rightarrow (Q \& Q))).$
- The following is a proof with some bits missing.

1	(1)	-(P v ((P v Q) + Q))	A
2	(2)	P Pv4	Α
7	(3)	1.3.4.4	2 vI
	(4)	Q	2,3 CP
1	(5)	-P	1,4 MTT
6	(6)	-Q	A
	(7)		2,6 &I
	(8)		7 &E
	(9)		5,8 &I
	(10)		6,9 RAA
1,2	(11)	Q	
12	(12)	PVQ	A
	(13)		
	(14)		12,2,11,13,13 vE
	(15)	$(P \lor Q) \rightarrow Q$	12,14 CP
1	(16)		15 vI
	(17)		1,16 &I
	(18)		1,17 RAA
	(19)	$P \lor ((P \lor Q) \rightarrow Q)$	
		1 1 1	

- (a) Fill in the gaps.
- (b) Write out the sequents represented by lines (5), (9) and (19).