Week beginning 13.10.85

Artificial Intelligence 2 PROLOG TUTORIAL 1

To be handed in to your Tutor at the end of your tutorial.

1. Here is one rule and four facts:

parent(A,B,C):mother(A,B), father(A,C).

mother(john,ann). mother(mary,ann).

father(mary, fred). father(john, fred).

- a) Give an interpretation of the predicate parent/3. Provide both a procedural and declarative reading.
- b) Write down the AND/OR tree that results from executing the goal

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parent(john, X, Y)
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and determine what X and Y are bound to if the goal succeeds.

2. Redo the previous question with the goal

parent(mary,M,F),parent(john,M,F)

3. Given the set of facts and rules:

tall(bill). tall(jim). tall(janet).

parent(jane,tony). parent(andy,bill). parent(jane,janet). parent(john,jim).

tall(X):parent(X,Y), tail(Y).

a) Draw the AND/OR tree for the execution of the goal

tall(jane)

b) Discuss how Prolog solves/fails to solve this subgoal.

4. Here is the predicate member/2. member(X,Y) is supposed to succeed as a goal if the first argument is an element of the second argument -which must be a list. Otherwise it should fail.

member(Element, [Element|Tail]).

member(Element,[Head[Tail]):member(Element, Tail).

a) Write out the AND/OR tree for the execution of the goal

member(a,[b,r,a,i,d])

b) Consider the goal

Al2

member(X,[b,r,a,i,d])

It succeeds with what binding of X? If the goal has to be REDOne what is bound to X on the next success?

Note to Tutors:

If you finish the set questions early you might investigate how they have been getting on with the exercises and project given out in class on 11th October. A copy is enclosed,